

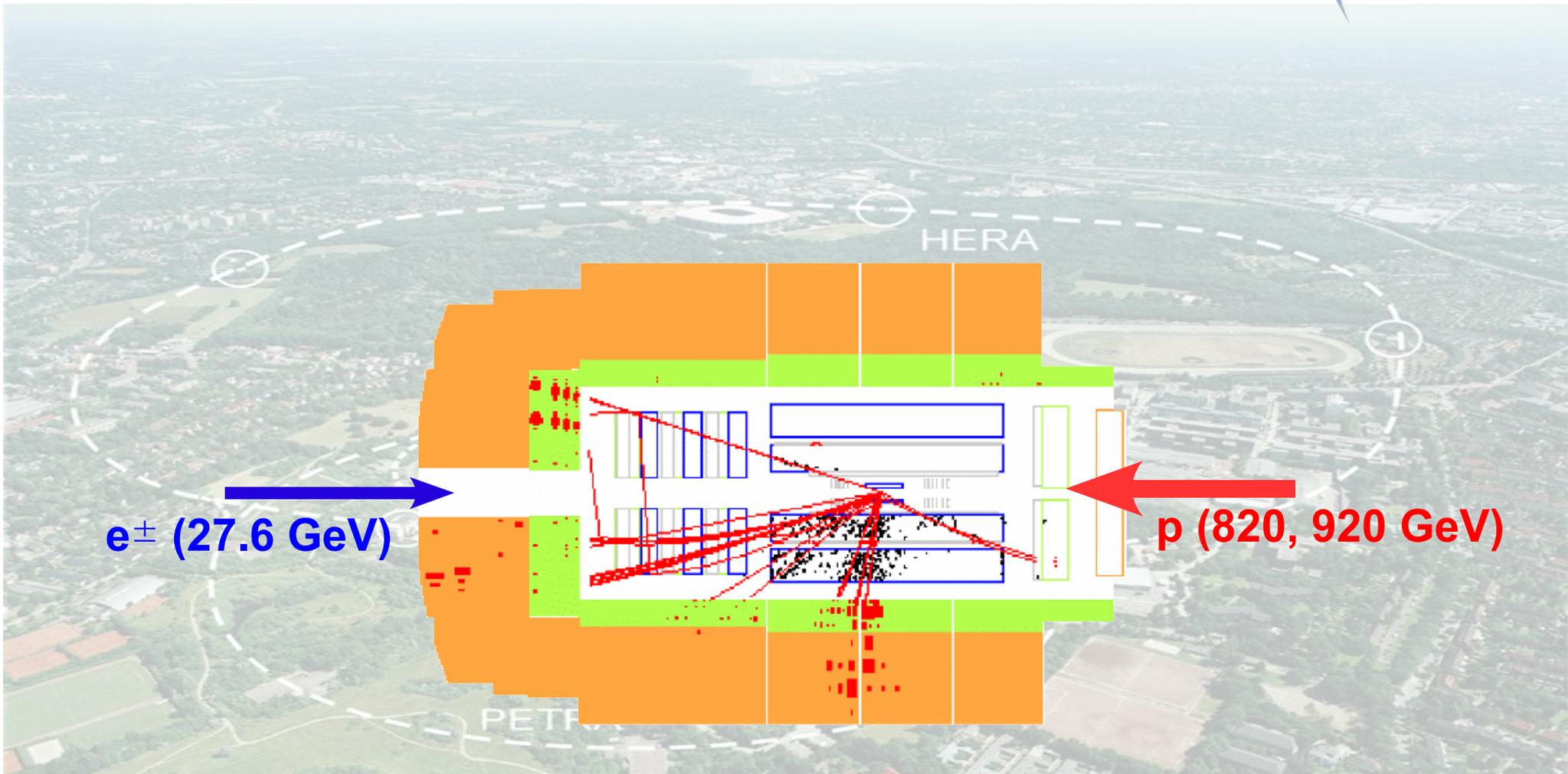
# Excited fermions at H1



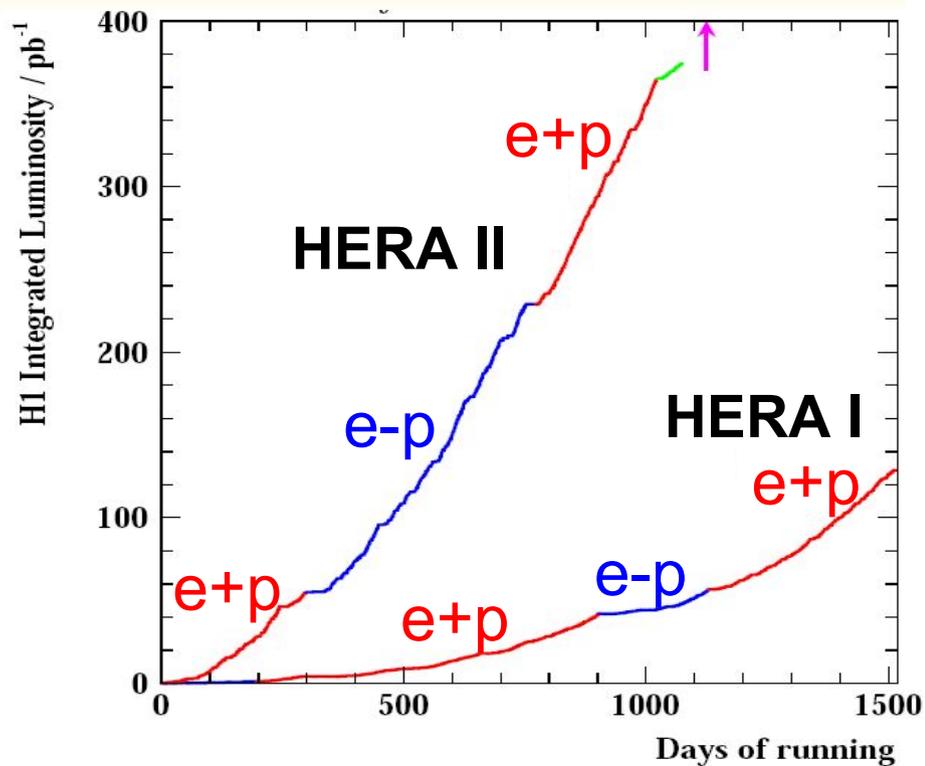
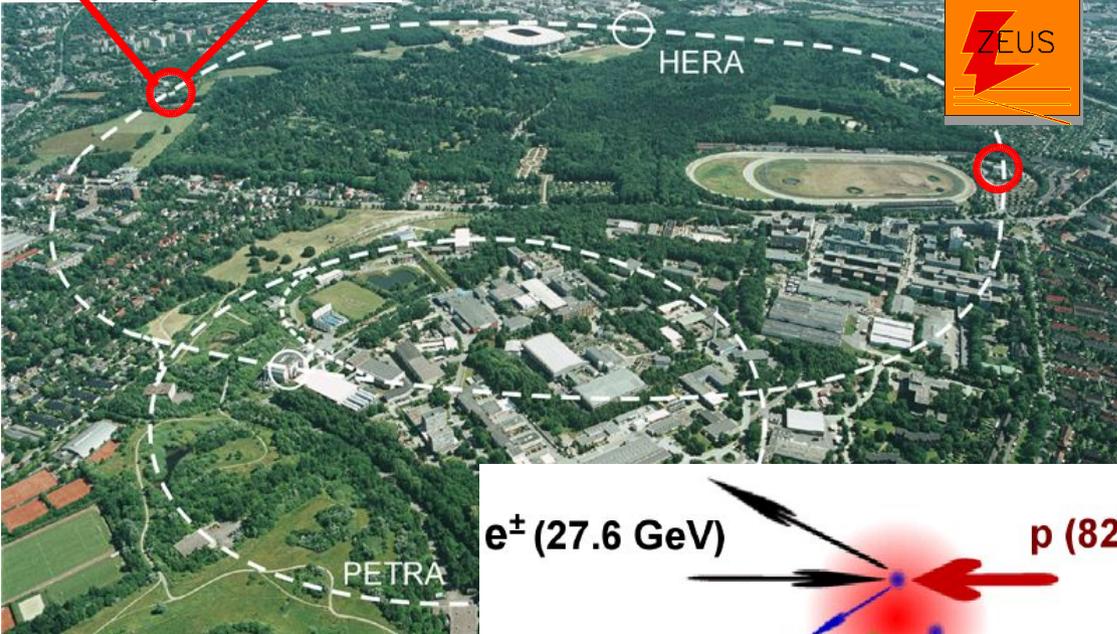
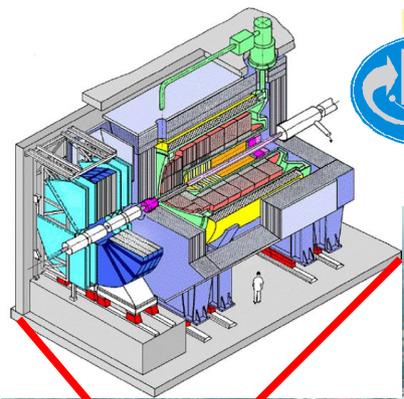
Emmanuel Sauvan  
CPPM Marseille



*On behalf of the H1 Collaboration*

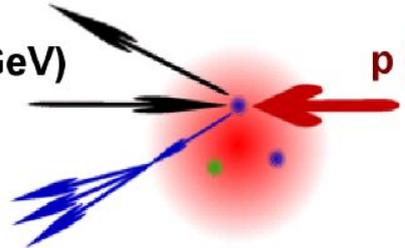


# The HERA collider



$e^\pm$  (27.6 GeV)

p (820/920 GeV)



→ End of  $E_{cm} = 320$  GeV run: March, 20 2007

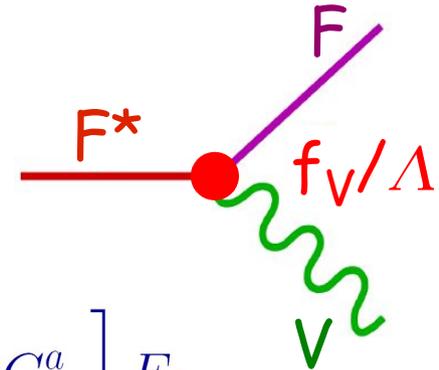
↘ All HERA I+II data from H1 at  $E_{cm} = 320$  GeV ( $435 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ ) used here

- HERA I: 1992-2000,  $\sim 120 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  per experiment
- HERA II: luminosity upgrade and polarised lepton beams

# Excited fermions ...

- Excited states:
  - If found, direct proof of compositeness

- Excited fermions  $F^*$  couple to gauge bosons ( $F^*FV$ )
- Organised in iso-doublets  $(e^*, \nu^*)_{L,R}$



[Hagiwara et al. ZPC 29(1985)115]  
 [Boudjema et al. ZPC 57(1990)425]

$$\mathcal{L}_{GM} = \frac{1}{2\Lambda} \bar{F}_R^* \sigma^{\mu\nu} \left[ \underset{\text{SU}(2)}{gf \frac{\tau^a}{2}} W_{\mu\nu}^a + \underset{\text{U}(1)}{g' f' \frac{Y}{2}} B_{\mu\nu} + \underset{\text{SU}(3)}{g_s f_s \frac{\lambda^a}{2}} G_{\mu\nu}^a \right] F_L$$

- Compositeness scale  $\Lambda$ , relative strength to  $\gamma, Z, g$ :  $f, f', f_s$

- Another approach: contact interactions (suppose common constituents)

$$\mathcal{L}_{CI} \sim \frac{4\pi}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{e}^* \gamma^\mu e) (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu q)$$

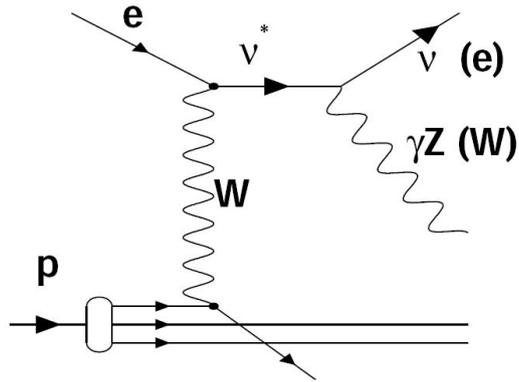
→ Same phenomenology, mainly different normalisation

→ Not considered here

[Baur et al. PRD 42(1990)815]

# Excited neutrinos: production and decays

- Produced via t-channel exchange of W boson



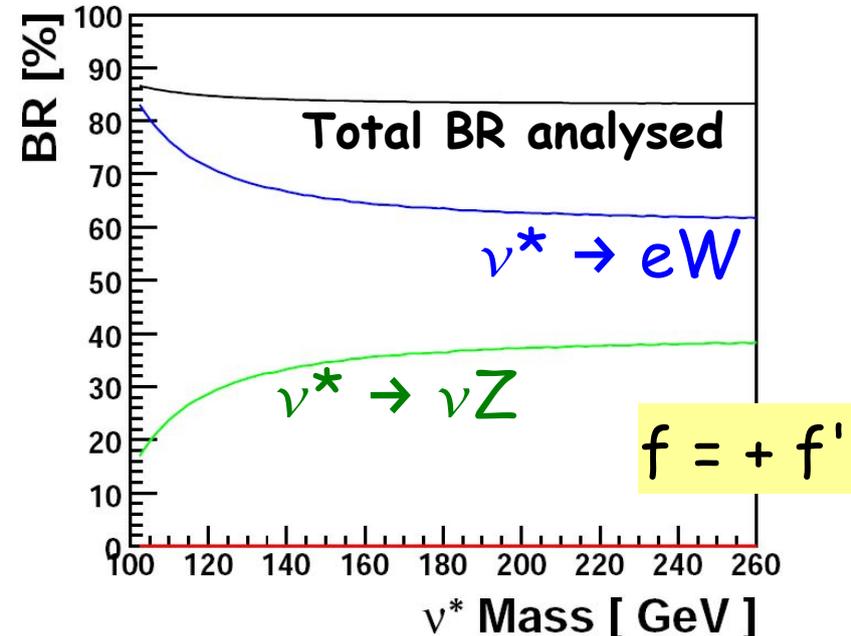
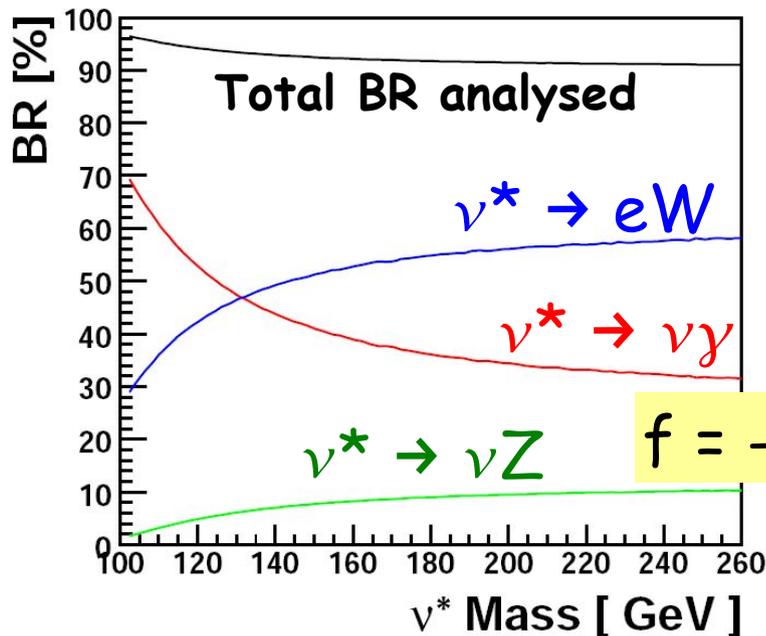
→ De-excitation by emission of  $\gamma$ , W, Z

→ Cross section much larger in e-p (due to favourable valence u-quarks and helicity enhancement)

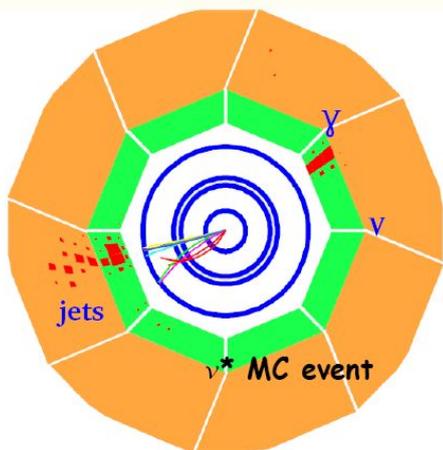
Decay	Signature	Main SM Background
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	$\gamma + P_T^{miss}$	Radiative CC
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W \rightarrow qq$	e + 2 jets	NC + 2 jets
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z \rightarrow qq$	$P_T^{miss} + 2$ jets	CC + 2 jets
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z \rightarrow ee$	2e + $P_T^{miss}$	NC-DIS
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W \rightarrow e\nu$	2e + $P_T^{miss}$	W production
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	e + $\mu + P_T^{miss}$	$\mu$ -pairs

↘ Use only e-p data

↘ Almost all decay channels investigated

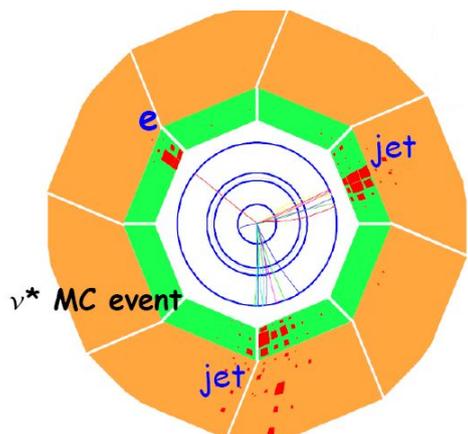


# Search for excited neutrinos



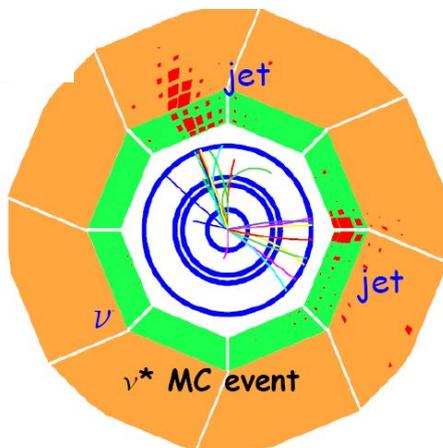
$$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu \gamma$$

- $P_{T\text{miss}} > 15 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $P_{T\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$
- Isolated photon
- Reduce CC DIS:
  - $P_{T\gamma} > 20 \text{ GeV}$  + extra kinematic cuts



$$\nu^* \rightarrow e W$$

- 1 electron,  $P_{T^e} > 10 \text{ GeV}$
- 2 jets,  $P_{T\text{jets}} > 20, 15 \text{ GeV}$
- + cuts to reduce NC DIS
  - W candidate is formed from 2 highest  $P_T$  jets



$$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z$$

- $P_{T\text{miss}} > 12 \text{ GeV}$
- 2 jets,  $P_{T\text{jets}} > 20, 15 \text{ GeV}$
- + cuts to reduce CC DIS
  - Z candidate is formed from 2 highest  $P_T$  jets

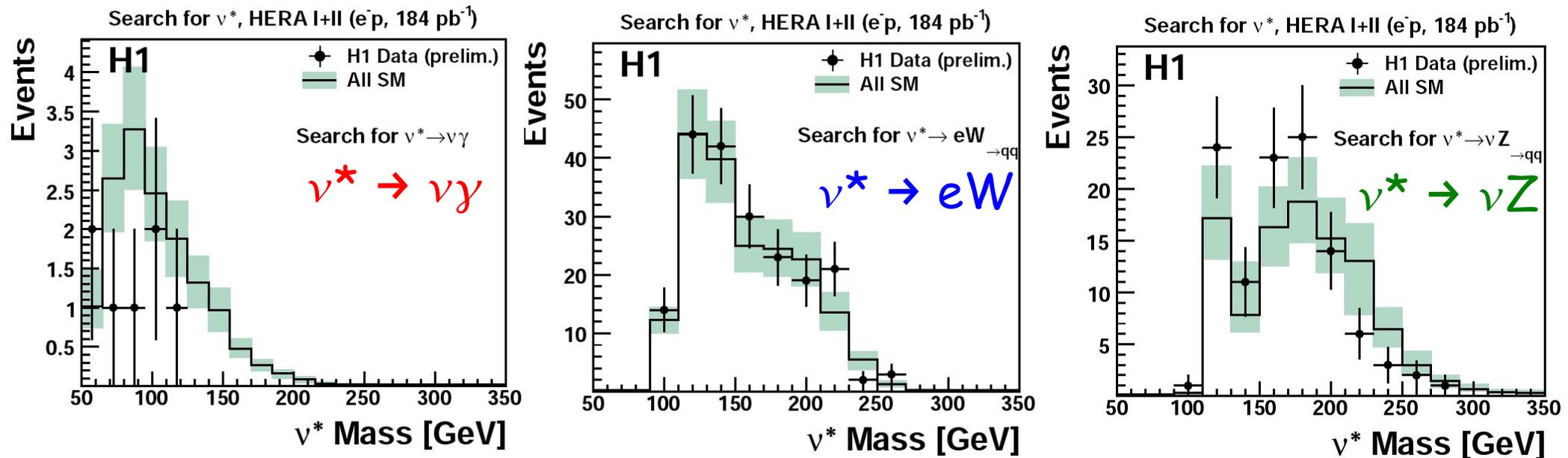
# Search for $\nu^*$ : results

- Total event yields in each channel:

Search for  $\nu^*$ , HERA I+II ( $e^-p$ ,  $184 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ , preliminary)

Selection	Data	SM	Efficiency $\times$ BR
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	9	$15 \pm 4$	50 %
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W_{\rightarrow qq}$	198	$189 \pm 33$	30–40 %
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z_{\rightarrow qq}$	111	$102 \pm 24$	40 %
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W_{\rightarrow \nu \mu}$	0	$0.54 \pm 0.04$	3–4.5 %
$\nu^* \rightarrow e W_{\rightarrow \nu e}$	0	$0.6 \pm 0.3$	4–6 %
$\nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z_{\rightarrow ee}$	0	$0.12 \pm 0.04$	2 %

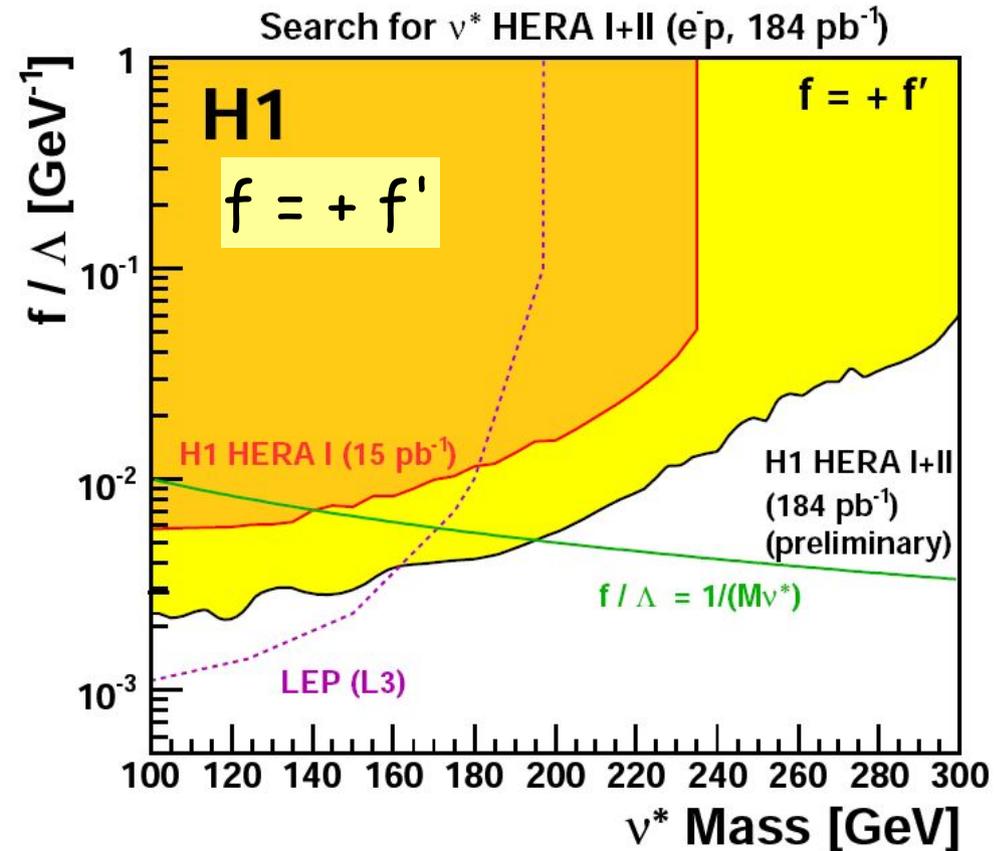
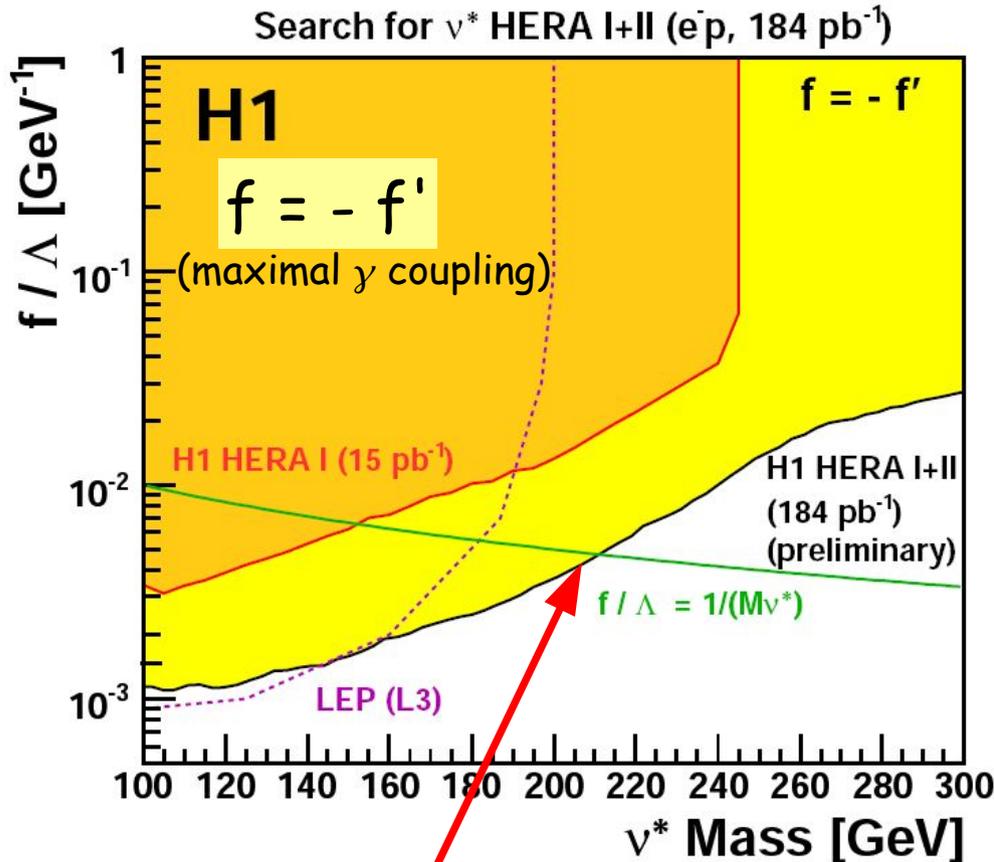
- Invariant mass distributions in 3 main channels:



↘ Good agreement with the SM, no resonance observed

# Limits on $\nu^*$ production

- Limits at 95% C.L. derived, all channels combined:



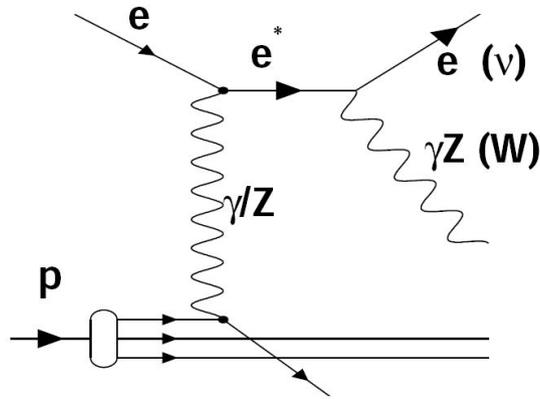
- If  $f/\Lambda = 1/M\nu^*$  and  $f=-f'$   $M\nu^* < 211$  GeV excluded

Large improvement compared to HERA I

For masses beyond the LEP reach:  
best sensitivity achieved so far

# Excited electrons: production and decays

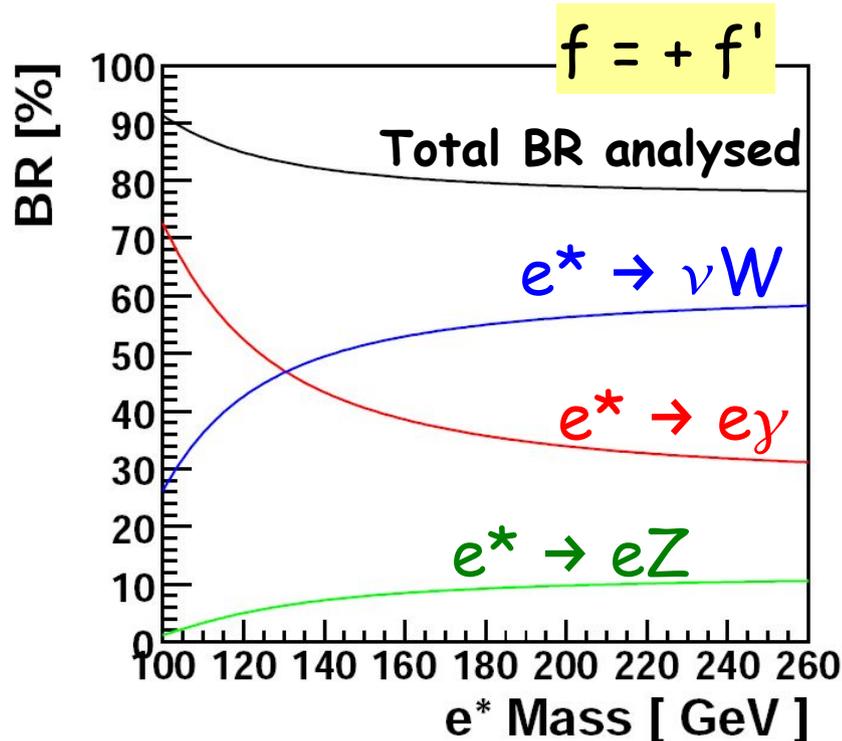
- Produced via t-channel exchange of  $\gamma/Z$  bosons



→ De-excitation by emission of  $\gamma$ , W, Z

→ Signatures similar to  $\nu^*$

Decay	Signature	Main SM Background
$e^* \rightarrow e\gamma$	$e + \gamma$	QED-Compton
$e^* \rightarrow eZ \rightarrow qq$	$e + 2 \text{ jets}$	NC + 2 jets
$e^* \rightarrow \nu W \rightarrow qq$	$P_T^{miss} + 2 \text{ jets}$	CC + 2 jets

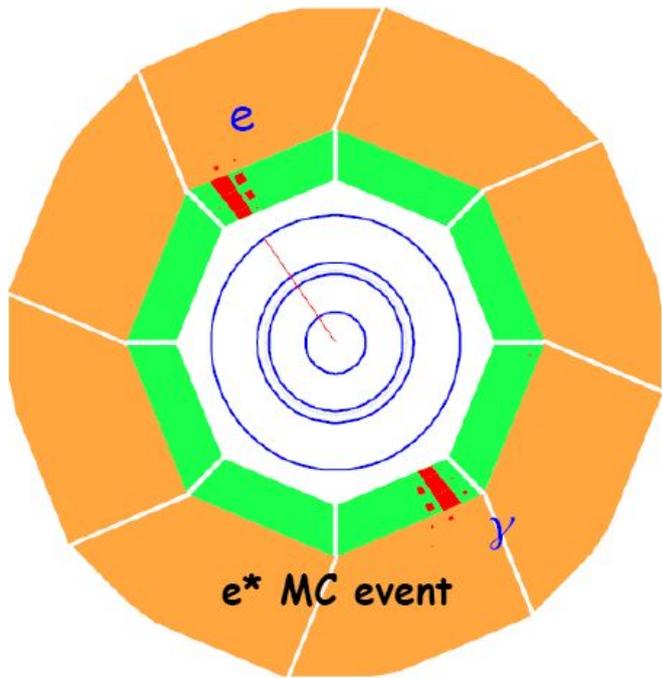


→ Only hadronic decays of W/Z analysed so far

→ Very small cross section in case  $f = -f'$

→ Study only  $f = + f'$

# Search for excited electrons



$$e^* \rightarrow e\gamma$$

- 2 electromagnetic clusters
- no track associated to the 2<sup>nd</sup>
- $P_T^e > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $P_T^\gamma > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- Reduce QED-Compton background:

$$\rightarrow P_T^\gamma + P_T^e > 75 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\rightarrow E_\gamma + E_e > 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$e^* \rightarrow \nu W \rightarrow P_{T,\text{miss}} + 2 \text{ jets, similar to } \nu^* \rightarrow \nu Z$$

$$e^* \rightarrow eZ \rightarrow 1 \text{ electron} + 2 \text{ jets, similar to } \nu^* \rightarrow eW$$

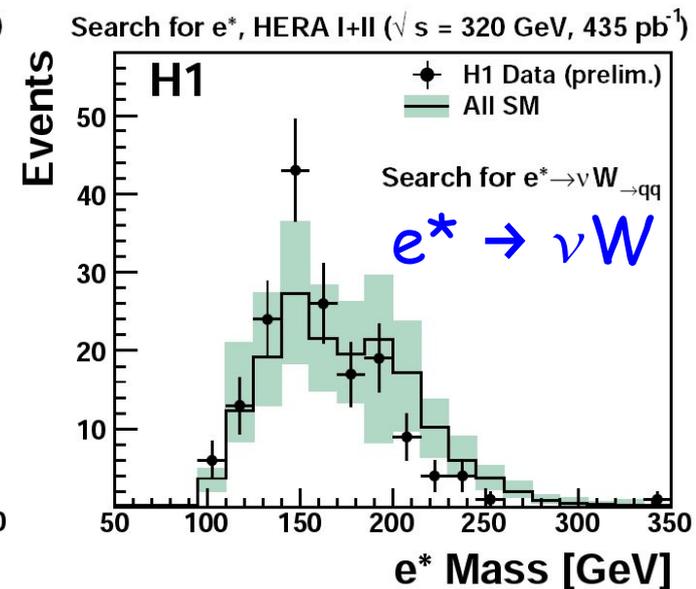
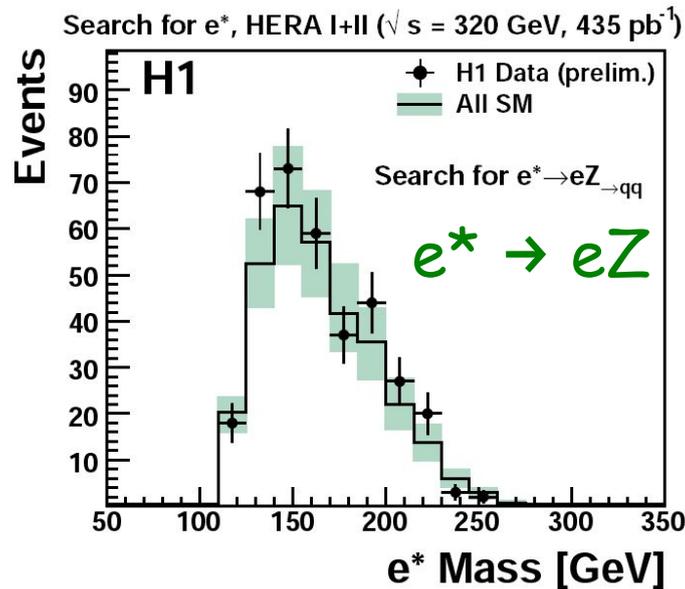
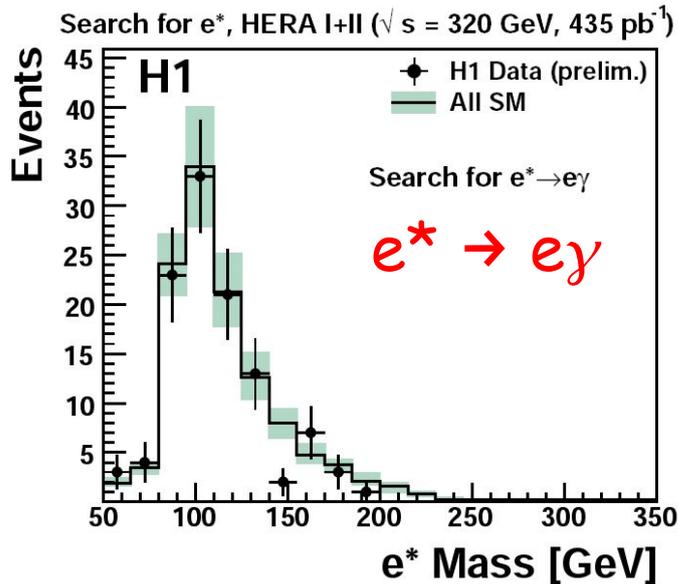
# Search for $e^*$ : results

- Total event yields in each channel:

Search for  $e^*$  HERA I+II ( $\sqrt{s} = 320$  GeV,  $435 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ , preliminary)

Selection	Data	SM	Efficiency $\times$ BR
$e^* \rightarrow e\gamma$	112	$125 \pm 19$	60–70 %
$e^* \rightarrow \nu W_{\rightarrow qq}$	172	$175 \pm 39$	$\sim 40$ %
$e^* \rightarrow eZ_{\rightarrow qq}$	351	$318 \pm 64$	$\sim 45$ %

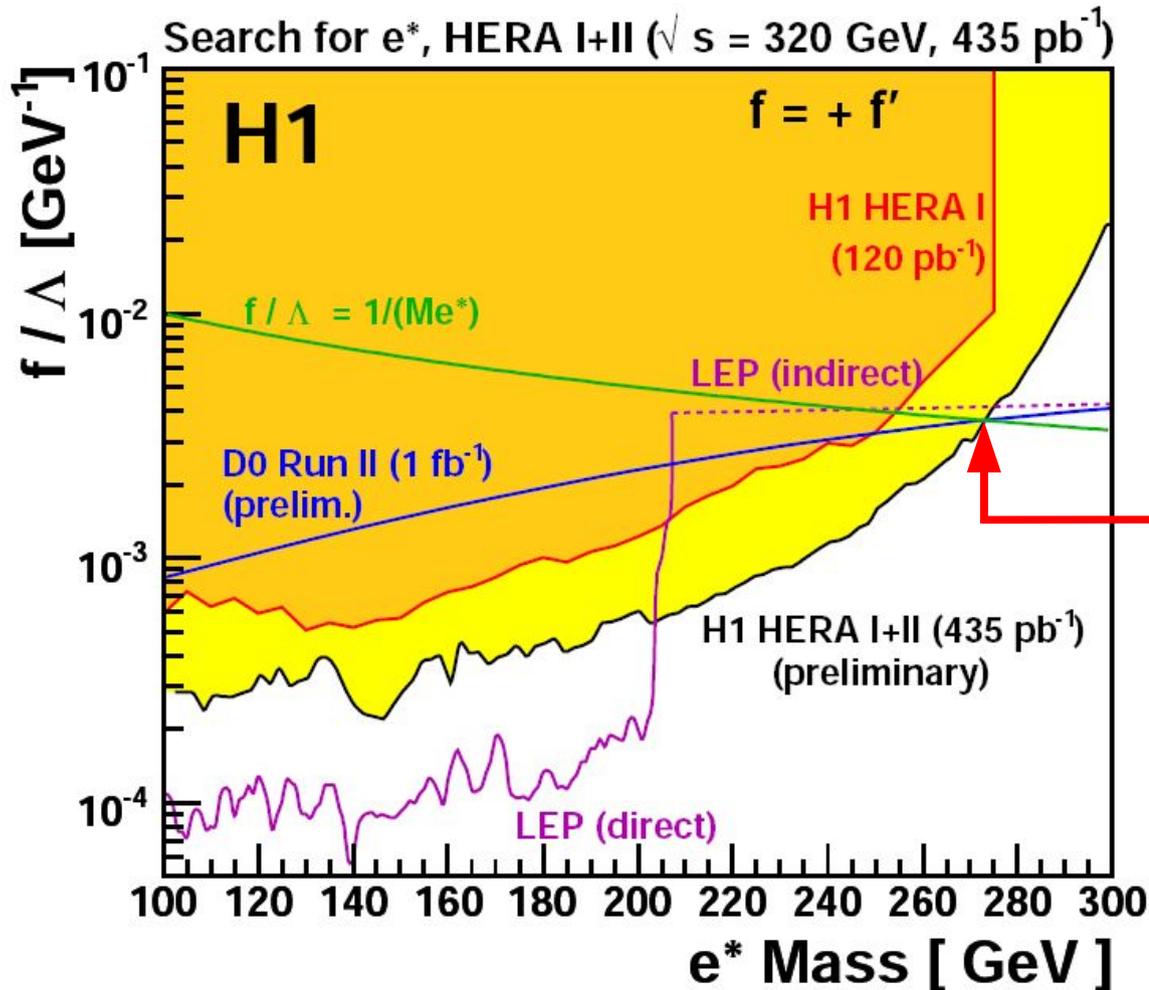
- Invariant mass distributions in 3 main channels:



$\rightarrow$  Good agreement with the SM, no resonance observed

# New limit on $e^*$ production

- Limit at 95% C.L. derived, all channels combined:



- If  $f / \Lambda = 1 / M_{e^*}$  and  $f = + f'$   
 $M_{e^*} < 273 \text{ GeV}$  excluded

- A new territory explored
- Best sensitivity for intermediate  $e^*$  masses

# Summary

- All H1 data at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 320 \text{ GeV}$  ( $435 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ ) have been used to look for excited electron and neutrino
  - A new domain explored, but no positive signal found
  - Upper limits are derived:
    - For  $\nu^*$ : If  $f/\Lambda = 1/M_{\nu^*}$  and  $f=-f'$   $M_{\nu^*} < 211 \text{ GeV}$  excluded
    - For  $e^*$ : If  $f/\Lambda = 1/M_{e^*}$  and  $f=+f'$   $M_{e^*} < 273 \text{ GeV}$  excluded
  - ↘ Presently the most stringent world limits
  - ↘ In the mass range  $\sqrt{s}_{\text{LEP}} = 200 < M_{l^*} < 300 \text{ GeV}$ , HERA has the best sensitivity